



Science Debate KitDrugs in Sport



To order more kits http://debate.imascientist.org.uk

Debate Kit: Drugs in sport Should ALL drugs be banned in sport?

A structured practice debate on a controversial topic. The different 'rounds' of the debate help students think through the issues and reconsider their opinions. The structure also shows them how to build a discussion and back up their opinions with facts.

You can use all eight characters, or fewer, as you wish.

The minimum is the four essential characters (**in bold**), this gives two for and two against.

Characters

For banning

- Helen Ayres Sports historian
- Edgar Fortescue Retired sportsman
- Reg Curtis Dad
- Alina Dent Sister

Against banning

- Chrissie Batchelor Archer with asthma
- George Clarkson Sports journalist
- Hiba Halifi Ethiopian sports coach
- Ross Gentley Sports counsellor

Facilitation tips

Ensure pupils know there is no right or wrong answer. Be observant of ones who want to speak and are not getting a chance. Encourage students to give a reason for their opinions.

Designed for KS4.
Can be used with ages 11-18

For groups who may need extra support you can put the following prompt sentences upon the board:-

"I think ALL drugs should/shouldn't be banned because....."

"I think is the most important point to think about."

Learning motes

Learning objective:

- To practise discussing and debating issues and expressing an opinion
- Understand more of the science and ethics around performance enhancement in sport.

Other learning outcomes:

- Consider social, ethical and factual issues in an integrated way
- Think about different points of view
- Learn to back up their opinions with facts

Curriculum points covered:

HSW:

- Using data to draw conclusions
- Societal aspects of scientific evidence
- Developing an argument

Substantive:

 Evaluate the use of drugs to enhance performance in sport and to consider the ethical implications of their use.

Debate

Reg Curtis – Dad



I had dreams of being a runner, but a knee injury as a teenager took that away from me. My son takes after his Dad and he's a great runner. I've coached him for years, taking him around the country to competitions. Last year he made the national finals for the under 15s 100 metres. I was really proud, but he lost to a boy who was taking asthma drugs. I don't think that boy had asthma, I think his Dad had bribed the doctor, so he could cheat!

Fact: In the 1984 Olympics whole teams of Modern Pentathletes were prescribed beta-blockers.

Issue: If people with certain illnesses are allowed to take drugs that may help them win, then some people will pretend to have those illnesses. Doctors can be fooled!

Question: It may be unfair to people who really need the medication, but every set of rules will be unfair to someone. Why leave such an obvious loophole?





Chrissie Batchelor – Archer with asthma

I got hooked on archery after trying it on holiday as a kid. I love it, and now I compete for the county. But I'm severely asthmatic and likely to have an asthma attack when I'm nervous – like when I'm in a big competition. If I couldn't use my inhaler I couldn't compete any more.

Fact: Sportspeople with asthma are allowed to take asthma medication, but it's banned otherwise. These drugs open the airways, which could help in sports like running, but probably wouldn't make a difference in archery.

Issue: It's bad enough having severe asthma, don't take my dream away too!

Question: I just want the same chance to compete as anyone else. Why should I be denied that because of the cheats?







Hiba Halifi – Ethiopian Sports Coach

I coach Ethiopia's top young athletes and some of them have real world-beating potential. But the decks are stacked against them - money brings better equipment, trainers, and even chemists. Everyone knows that some sportspeople are probably taking designer drugs that can't be detected or aren't widely known about yet. You can get round the bans if you really want to.

Fact: Some American athletes spend £100,000 a year on their training. Here in Ethiopia a basketball costs over one month's wages for most people.

Issue: At the moment it's not who's the best at their sport, it's who's got the best chemist.

Question: Isn't sport supposed to be sporting? At the moment it's easier for rich countries to win at the Olympics.





Helen Ayres – Sports historian



I'm writing a book on a 19th Century boxer called Bendigo. He was just a poor boy from the slums, but he had grit and skill and he won fights. Today I think sport is a joke. Some athletes have a team of expert nutritionists, physiotherapists and psychologists. I think we should ban everything and make sport real again.

Fact: Blood-doping and training at altitude both make your body make more red blood cells, but one of them is illegal and one isn't.

Issue: Why do we fuss so much about drugs, but not all the other things athletes do to themselves? Why should some things be banned and others not?

Question: Should sport be about individual athletes, or about who's got the best support team?







Debate

Ross Gentley – Sports Counsellor



I work at the football academy of a Premier League club, giving pastoral care. The students are talented teenagers who hope to become professional footballers. I help them adjust to the pressure of being away from home, training full time. I listen to them and try to help with their problems. They are lovely kids - brave and determined - but I worry they miss out on a normal childhood.

Fact: Caffeine, alcohol and aspirin are all drugs and could be banned under this proposal.

Issue: Training is hard on them physically. And on top of that is all the mental stress – from their coaches, from the team, from their parents.

Question: Is it fair to place more restrictions on young sportspeople that other kids their age don't have?





Alina Dent – Sister



Oscar was my big brother, he always looked out for me. He got into weightlifting when we were teenagers. I remember him coming home with his first trophy, he was so proud. He died suddenly of a heart attack three years ago. He was 24. We found out afterwards he'd been taking steroids.

Fact: Steroids can cause heart damage and high blood pressure, mood swings and aggression, acne and liver damage. They can also cause impotence in men.

Issue: There's so much pressure on athletes. Oscar really wanted to win and make us all proud. I also think his coach pushed him into it.

Question: Is it fair to expect athletes

to resist the pressure to take drugs on their own, or should we make regulation as strict as possible to back them up?







George Clarkson – Sports Journalist



I've always loved sport and I love working as a sports journalist. You can't beat the excitement of a close match or an amazing performance in athletics. Sport is entertainment. It's nonsense to get all holy about it. I actually think all drug-taking in sport should be legalised. Let's really see where we can get to!

Fact: 12 out of 23 world records for women's athletics are over 20 years old and current athletes can't reach them. Some think those records were set on drugs, before modern testing. They may never be beaten.

Issue: If sport plateaus and we stop getting new world records, audiences will get bored, it'll stop making money, and I'd be out of a job!

Question: Isn't the point of science to move humans forwards and go beyond what is natural?







Edgar Fortescue – Retired Sportsman

I boxed for England, and played cricket for Somerset, in the 1950s, and I loved every minute of it. I always tell young people, get into sport! It's healthy exercise, it's character building and it's great fun. But sport is supposed to be sporting. These days, with all these performance-enhancing drugs, it's just not right.

Fact: There are literally hundreds of known drugs that are allowed in sport (because scientists don't THINK they make you more likely to win). And of course, drugs that the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) don't know about yet haven't been banned yet.

Issue: I think having some things allowed and some things not is too complicated. There's too many grey areas. We should just ban everything and make it clear.

Question: What's sport supposed to be about if it's not winning fair and square?





Teachers Notes

Science Debate Kit: Drugs in sport





Starter: 5 minutes

back up their opinions with facts

are not and this raises practical and ethical issues. ways of enhancing performance – some are legal and some sportspeople improve their performance? There are many about in sport? What are the other ways athletes and What performance enhancing drugs do the students know

Main Activity:

- Split students into as many groups as characters you want to cover.
- 2) Give them their character cards one per group, and give them a few minutes to read them over
- Get one student in each group to read out their first thoughts? Is there one position they identify with or reject? section to the rest of the class. What are the class's initial





4) Take it in turn to read out their fact. Does it change the way they think?

6) Each team asks their question to the character of their choice.

5) Read the issue. Any different feelings?

sentences up on the board: Support: To help students you can put the following prompt "I think ALL drugs in sport should/shouldn't be banned

"I think is the most important point to think about."

Plenary: 10 minutes

Why? Which arguments were the most persuasive? Vote for which position they agree with most (if there is one)

came to. you can see what conclusion other classes around the country imascientist.org.uk/sportsdoping - after registering your result You can record your classes position on our website at <u>debate.</u>

and in the plenary. give them a chance to express their own opinion at the end only for the first round if you prefer. If it's all the way through **Note –** Pupils can stay in roles all the way through debate, or

to say before having to do it in front of the whole class. They've then had chance to rehearse some of what they want character's position in pairs, and then compare notes in fours For groups who are not confident at class discussion, it might help to have them start by discussing the question and/or their

Background notes

around drug-use in sport are:-'blood-doping' (explained below). The main ethical issues enhancing drugs, but it can also mean techniques like Doping in sport usually means the use of performance-

Possible harms to the athlet

potentially harmful. (punishing training regime, psychological stress, etc) are also be fairly minimal – and often many other things athletes do worth noting that with other drugs the risks to the athlete may Some drugs, like steroids, can cause serious harm. But it's

of drugs, for example, access to training facilities, top equipment, sports scientists. and world records. Also, issues of unfairness exist independent athletes, which was reflected in them winning Olympic medals for decades East Germany had a state policy of doping their other international competitions). For example we know that between countries (when thinking about the Olympics and Unfairness. This is both between individual athletes, and

a considerable difference equipment sportspeople might use, although this can make doping, gene doping). They don't regulate things like what Those other technologies are only biomedical ones (blood drugs and other technologies and regulate drugs testing, etc. which was set up in 1999. They draw up a list of prohibited Doping in sport is regulated by the World Anti-Doping Agency



Some of the more common performance-enhancing drugs are:-

growth of the vocal cords and body hair. and maintenance of masculine characteristics such as the increase protein synthesis and enhance muscle growth. hormone naturally derived in the body. Anabolic steroids substances which mimic the effects of testosterone, a Anabolic agents (e.g. steroids) are synthetically produced They also have androgenic effects, including the development

competitiveness and aggression in athletes. can increase alertness, reduce tiredness, and increase substances that act on the central nervous system. Stimulants Stimulants, for example amphetamine and cocaine, are

Beta blockers

many other sports. banned in sports like archery, snooker and darts, but not in to deal with stage fright. Because they reduce tremor they are For example, they are used by some musicians and performers, used medically for some heart conditions, and also for anxiety Beta blockers counteract the 'fight or flight' response and are

of red blood cells. It's used medically to treat some forms of A naturally-occurring hormone which stimulates production think this was caused by EPO use. Increasing your red blood young, elite cyclists dying in their sleep in the 1990s. Many blood-doping, or training at altitude). There was a spate of cells, and hence the bloods ability to carry oxygen (like anaemia, and in sports, to increase the number of red blood



thought to be less common than it was EPO in athletes was developed in 2000 and its abuse is now sleeping. The combination is obviously dangerous. A test for very low pulse rate anyway, and particularly when they are cell count increases blood viscosity. Elite cyclists have a

Attitude continuum. Ask students to write a list of all

the methods that athletes might use to improve their possible harm to the athlete. Also in order of how unfair performance. Get them to arrange them in order of

Suggested homeworks

Blood-doping

normal, and their blood will be able to carry more oxygen event. They'll then have a lot more red blood cells than and then putting them back into the athlete just before the competition, extracting the red blood cells, freezing them taking some of the athlete's blood some weeks before a Not a drug, but a prohibited medical technique. This involves I raining at altitude has a similar effect

other side, so the two sides are still matched out any character, as long as you also miss out one from the students who have been in a similar situation. You can miss the side effects of steroid use. Her character may upset using steroids. She also points out that impotence is one of talks about her brother who died young of a heart attack from Guidance note: Just to warn you, the character Alina Dent



explain why things go in one category and not the other?

think should be banned and things they don't. Can they same access to them). Then separate them into things they they might be (because other athletes may not get the

2. Research task. Students to research gene doping (a new ethical problems it raises banned) and write an essay explaining what it is and what technology not yet used on humans, but which is already

debate.imascientist.org.uk/sportsdoping All facts in this kit have been researched. References can be found online at

Biological Sciences, University of Leeds for their advice on this Debate Kit. Special thanks to Dr Charlotte Haigh & Dr Dave Lewis of the Faculty of

together over 3,000 scientists from more than 60 countries. The Society also offers schools the opportunity to engage with scientists online, in the interactive resources and competitions to enhance physiology teaching at ages 11-19 as well as information on physiology-related careers. Bringing For further information, please email education@physoc.org. educational website, www.understanding-life.org, The Society provides This debate kit is funded by The Physiological Society. Through its classroom or at universities



Created by Gallomanor, funded by The Physiological Society.

© Licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 2.0 UK licen